Docket No.: 59760(47137)

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This listing of the claims will replace all prior versions of the claims.

- 1. (Currently Amended) An *in vitro* method for selective electrofusion of a mammalian cell and a fusion partner each having a cell-like membrane, comprising:
  - A) selecting the mammalian cell and the fusion partner;
  - B) bringing into contact the mammalian cell and the fusion partner;
- C) providing an electric field using at least one microelectrode, which is of a strength sufficient to obtain fusion of the mammalian cell and the fusion partner, wherein the electric field is between  $0.1-10~\rm kV/cm$  where the mammalian cell and the fusion partner contact, and is positioned  $0-100~\rm \mu m$  from the mammalian cell and the fusion partner, wherein said at least one microelectrode is positioned by use of a microscope, at least one micropositioner and/or a stereotactic device, wherein at least one microelectrode is sufficiently small to permit the selective fusion of only the mammalian cell and the fusion partner.
- 2. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein only one microelectrode, sufficiently small to permit the selective fusion of the mammalian cell and fusion partner, is used to provide the electrical field in step [[B]]C.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein two or more microelectrodes, sufficiently small to permit the selective fusion of the mammalian cell and fusion partner, are used to provide the electrical field in step [[B]]C.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein one electrode movably mounted on a microchip is used to provide the electrical field in step [[B]]C.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein several electrodes movably mounted on a microchip are used to provide the electrical field in step [[B]]C.

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6. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 4, wherein one or more electrode(s)

is (are) electrodes are movably mounted on a microchip of a suitable design for combinatorial

synthesis of fusion products.

7. (Cancelled)

8. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 2, wherein at least one

microelectrode that is hollow, electrolyte-filled, and sufficiently small to permit the selective

fusion of the mammalian cell and fusion partner, is used to provide the electrical field in step

[[B]]C, and said microelectrode is also used to deliver fusion partners or chemical agents by

electroendoosmosis, electrophoresis, or by Poiseuille flow.

9. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 2, wherein the outer diameter of said

electrode is sufficiently small to permit the selective fusion of the mammalian cell and fusion

partner without affecting nearby structures, such as cells, liposomes, and proteoliposomes.

10. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 9, wherein the outer diameter of

said electrode is 1-100 µm.

11. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, wherein at least one electrode is

used, for delivery of the mammalian cell or fusion partner to the fusion site.

12. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 2, wherein step A is performed by

use of the electrodes.

13. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein step A is performed by

use of optical trapping.

14. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein step A is performed by

use of micropipettes.

15. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the fusion partner is selected from the group consisting of a single cell, a liposome, a proteoliposome, a synthetic vesicle, an egg cell, and an enucleated egg cell.

16. (Cancelled)

17. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the mammalian cell or the fusion partner is provided in a buffer prior to step B.

18. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the mammalian cell or the fusion partner has been immobilized prior to step A.

19. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein one of the mammalian cell or fusion partner is part of a cellular network.

20. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the mammalian cell or fusion partner has been electroporated in a buffer prior to step A.

21. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the mammalian cell or fusion partner has been exposed to a dielectrophoretic field in a buffer prior to step A.

22. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the mammalian cell or fusion partner has been treated by an agent that promotes close cell-cell contacts.

23 - 30. (Cancelled)

31. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 2, wherein one electrode movably mounted on a microchip is used to provide the electrical field in step [[B]]C.

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32. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 3, wherein several two or more electrodes are movably mounted on a microchip are used to provide the electrical field in step [[B]]C.

33. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 5, wherein the electrodes are movably mounted on a microchip of a suitable design for combinatorial synthesis of fusion products.

34-35. (Cancelled)

- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said mammalian cell is a tumor cell.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said mammalian cell and said fusion partner are not a sperm cell.
- 38. (Currently Amended) An *in vitro* method for selective electrofusion of a target cell and a fusion partner, comprising:
- A) selecting the target cell and the fusion partner, wherein both the target cell and fusion partner are selected from the group consisting of a single mammalian cell, a liposome, a proteoliposome and a synthetic vesicle;
  - B) bringing into contact the mammalian cell and the fusion partner;
- C) providing an electric field using at least one microelectrode, which is of a strength sufficient to obtain fusion of the target cell and the fusion partner, wherein the electric field is between  $0.1 10 \, \mathrm{kV/cm}$  where the mammalian cell and fusion partner contact, and is positioned  $0 100 \, \mu \mathrm{m}$  from the target cell and the fusion partner, wherein said at least one microelectrode is positioned by use of a microscope, at least one micropositioner and/or a stereotactic device, wherein at least one microelectrode is sufficiently small to permit the selective fusion of the target cell and the fusion partner.

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39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 or claim 38, where in the microelectrode is positioned  $0 - 10 \,\mu m$  from the mammalian cell and the fusion partner.

- 40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 or claim 38, where the electric field is provided for durations of  $10 \,\mu s$  to 5 seconds.
- 41. (New) The method of claim 9, wherein the nearby structures are selected from the group consisting of cells, liposomes, and proteoliposomes, and other cell-like membranes.